# Aspects of Quantitative Program Verification Kick-off Meeting

Benjamin Lucien Kaminski



WS 22/23, November 14, Universität des Saarlandes, Germany

Benjamin Kaminski

Aspects of Quantitative Program Verification

# Part I

# **Organizational Matters**

### Attendance Check

Please stand by...

### **Objectives:**

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### **Deliverables:**

- Outline + 1 (draft) page of main part of the report
- Final report

### Presentation

### $\mathsf{Outline} + 1\mathsf{-}\mathsf{Pager}$

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- Helps you to sort your thoughts, tell a coherent story; helps me to see whether you're on track and give you early feedback

### The Report

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- You did an excellent job if your report is more comprehensible than the original paper!

- Max. 10 pages, excluding bibliography
- ACM proceedings format, see acmart-pacmpl-template.tex
- More details will be provided on the website

### organizational matters

# Report: Formalities

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- Language: English or German (but you'll find that English is easier)
- I expect correct grammar and spelling
  - $\bullet \geq 10$  gross errors per page is unacceptable and causes me to discontinue reading your outline / (preliminary) report

### The Presentation

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- You did an excellent job if everybody understood what you were talking about!

#### Presentation: Formalities

- 30 minutes presentation + 10 minutes Q&A
- (hopefully) in-person
- Dates: 1 or 2 days in beginning of March 2023 (tentative, TBA on website)
- More details will be provided on the website

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#### Missing any non-optional deadline causes immediate failure of the seminar.

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- 19.11.-20.11. All of us: Have a good weekend!
  - from 21.11. You: Start working the seminar

14.11.2022

# Part II Topics

#### Generalized Hoare Logics and Predicate Transformers

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Predicate G, F:States  $\rightarrow$  {true, false}

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Hoare triple  $\langle\,G\,\rangle\;C\;\langle\,F\,\rangle$ 

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Weakest precondition wp  $\llbracket C \rrbracket$  (F)

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#### Topics

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#### Generalized Hoare Logics and Predicate Transformers

■ Replace predicates by objects that map to a more general domain than {true, false}, for instance ℝ.



#### Generalized Hoare Logics & Predicate Transformers

Quantity  $f: \text{States} \to \mathbb{R}^{\infty}_{\geq 0}$ 

#### Example: Weakest preexpectation wp $[\![C]\!]$ (f)

• wp  $\llbracket C \rrbracket (f)$ : States  $\to \mathbb{R}^{\infty}_{\geq 0}$  maps initial state  $\sigma$  to the expected value of f after executing C on  $\sigma$ 



## Generalized Hoare Logics & Predicate Transformers (Topics)

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■ Atkinson & Carbin. Programming and Reasoning with Partial Observability

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- Batz et al. Weighted Programming —
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- McIver & Morgan. Correctness by Construction for Probabilistic Programs (BA)

## Incorrectness Reasoning

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#### Generalized Predicate Transformers

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Incorrectness Reasoning (Topics)

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• O'Hearn. Incorrectness Logic. (BA)

## Incorrectness Reasoning (Topics)

- O'Hearn. Incorrectness Logic. (BA)
- Zhang & Kaminski. Quantitative Strongest Post A Calculus for Reasoning about the Flow of Quantitative Information (BA)

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 $I \preceq \Phi(I)$  implies  $I \preceq \mathsf{lfp} \Phi$ 

Solution:

 $I \preceq \Phi(I) \bigwedge$  side implies  $I \preceq \mathsf{lfp} \Phi$  conditions

### Lower Bounds on Least Fixed Points (Topics)

What about lower bounds?

 $I \leq \Phi(I) \quad \text{implies} \quad I \leq \inf p \Phi \quad \stackrel{\Phi^{(n)}}{\stackrel{\Phi^{($ 

## Lower Bounds on Least Fixed Points (Topics)

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 Hark et al. Aiming Low Is Harder: Induction for Lower Bounds in Probabilistic Program Verification

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- Hark et al. Aiming Low Is Harder: Induction for Lower Bounds in Probabilistic Program Verification
- Baldan et al. Fixpoint Theory Upside Down

# Separation Logic

Reasoning about dynamic memory / heap

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  - Enables local reasoning!



Separation Logic (Topics)

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#### Reynolds. Separation Logic: A Logic for Shared Mutable Data Structures (BA)

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- Barthe, Hsu, & Liao. A Probabilistic Separation Logic
- Bao et al. A Bunched Logic for Conditional Independence
- Bao et al. A Separation Logic for Negative Dependence

#### "Normal" programs with random coin flips

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Towards Verified Stochastic Variational Inference for Probabilistic Programs

# Probabilistic Programming (Topics)

• Lee et al.

Towards Verified Stochastic Variational Inference for Probabilistic Programs

Vákár, Kammar, & Staton.
A Domain Theory for Statistical Probabilistic Programming

Program describes a probability distribution

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- Observations block certain undesired traces
  - Example:

$$\begin{array}{l} x := 0\, \mathring{,} \\ \texttt{while}\,(\,c = 1\,)\, \{ \\ & \left\{\,c := 0\,\right\}\, [1/2]\, \left\{\,x \,:= x + 1\,\right\} \\ \mathring{,} \\ \texttt{observe}\, x \,\, \texttt{even} \end{array}$$

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 Jules Jacobs. Paradoxes of Probabilistic Programming: And How To Condition on Events of Measure Zero with Infinitesimal Probabilities

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- Jacobs. The Mathematics of Changing One's Mind, via Jeffrey's or Pearl's Update Rule

# Neural Networks

- "Normal" / High School Algebra
  - + The usual addition: 1 + 2 = 3
  - The usual multiplication:  $2 \cdot 3 = 6$
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- Zhang, Naitzat, & Lim. Tropical Geometry of Neural Networks

# **Part III** Final Thoughts

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Final remark: I am looking for PhD students!!!